

EXPANDING STEM CAREER PATHWAYS THROUGH ONLINE EDUCATION

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CREATING THE NEXT®



Georgia
Tech  College of
Computing



ONLINE MASTER OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

Offered in collaboration with Udacity and AT&T

Improving Education through
Accessibility and
Affordability

Georgia Tech – A Potentially New Model



- GA Tech's Online MSCS launched in 2013
 - Fully version of well regarded on-campus M.S. (MSCS)
 - Open to all with relevant B.A. and GPA of 3.0+
 - Developed with Udacity, subsidized with \$4 million from AT&T.
- Classes are “asynchronous,” so no fixed time commitments.
 - 10 courses for degree, part time over 6-7 terms.
 - similar grading standards as in-person program.



The OMSCS Motto



Accessibility through Affordability and Technology

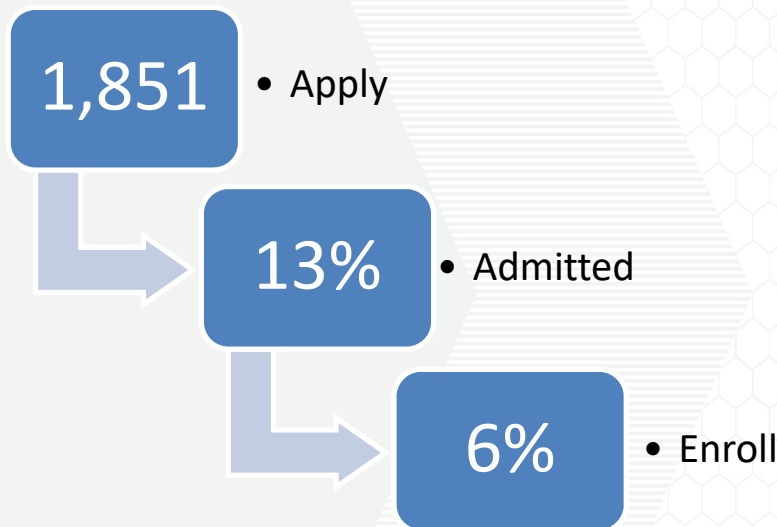
- OMSCS total degree cost: **~\$6,600**
- Typical MS CS (public university, out-of-state)
~\$40,000
- Typical MS CS (private university)
~\$70,000

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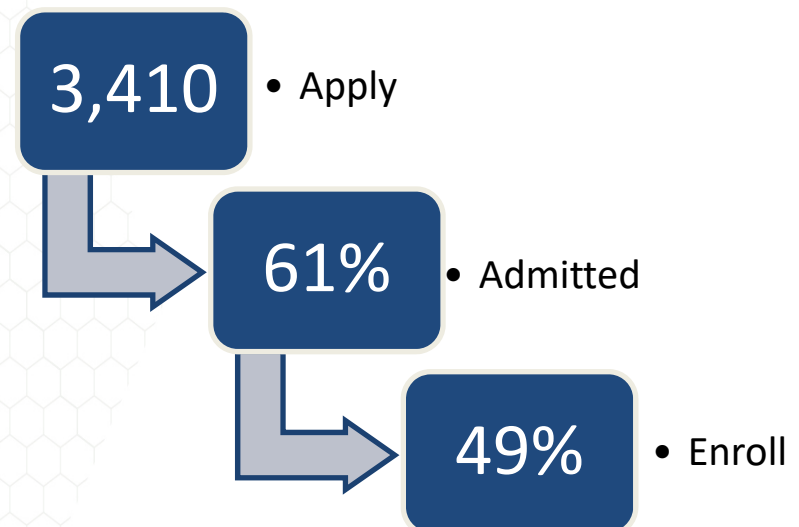
Comparing On-Site to On-Line

Raw numbers (annualized)

MSCS (n=120)



OMSCS (n=1,663)



- 14 times larger than on-campus program, three times larger than largest on-campus program (Carnegie Mellon ~600 per year).
- Important: Fewer than 0.2% of applicants apply to both programs.

Attracting Different Types of Students:



- Average on-campus applicant: 24-year old Indian recent college grad
- Average online applicant : 34-year old employed American
- OMSCS attracts:
 - large numbers of applicants
 - mid-career workers of various ages in the U.S. (>70% US)
 - students similar to MSCS applicants in terms of race and gender
 - high-yield-- nearly all who are accepted ultimately enroll
- ***Strong evidence of unmet need for mid-career training that's flexible, relatively low cost, and of serious quality (particularly in technical disciplines)***

To what extent are we reaching a new market?



- Can we provide rigorous evidence that this is a new educational “product” for which close substitutes do not currently exist?
 - If not for OMSCS, would applicants enroll elsewhere?



Goodman J, Melkers J, Pallais A. *Can Online Delivery Increase Access to Education?* Journal of Labor Economics. www.journals.uchicago.edu
Forthcoming January 2019.
<https://www.journals.uchicago.edu/doi/abs/10.1086/698895>

What did we learn about demand?



- **High demand** for the first low cost, high quality MOOC degree in computer science.
 - BUT – demand is DIFFERENT (comes largely from mid-career Americans)
- Online version **increases access** for
 - Older/employed students (time flexibility offers appeal?)
 - American students (no need for physical access to U.S. networks and labor markets?)

Descriptive Evidence

- New form of formal ed has **no close substitutes** in current market (formal or informal)
- Existence of OMSCS thus **increases educational attainment and overall training hours**

Causal Evidence

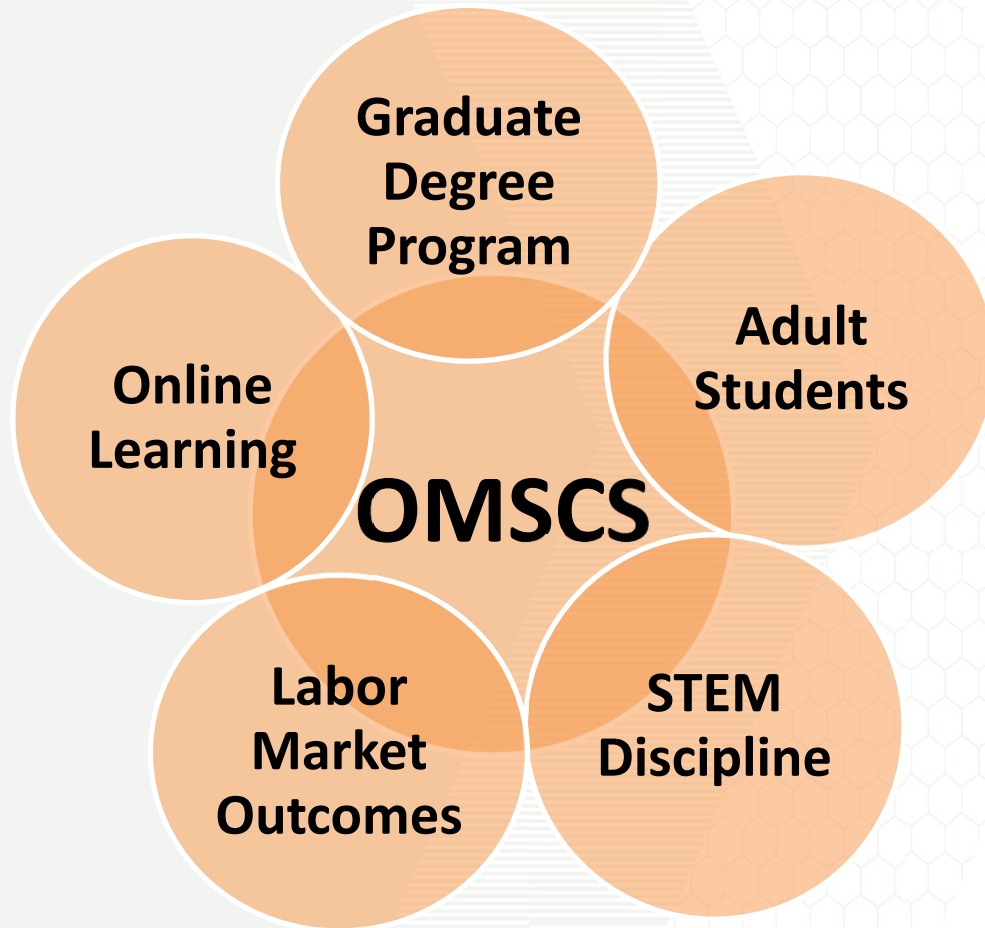
Implications?

- **OMSCS should increase annual production of U.S. master's degree holders in computer science by at least 7%.**
 - 11,000 Americans earn CS master's annually
 - At least 62% of OMSCS-ers persist after two years (possibly 90%)
 - Averaging 1,170 US enrollees per year so far ($*0.62 \approx 725$)

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- **What are the characteristics of student pursuing this new-market degree relevant to persistence and completion?**
 - **Particularly for students under-represented in CS, and/or transitioning to the IT workforce?**

What Challenges Exist Given This Student Base?

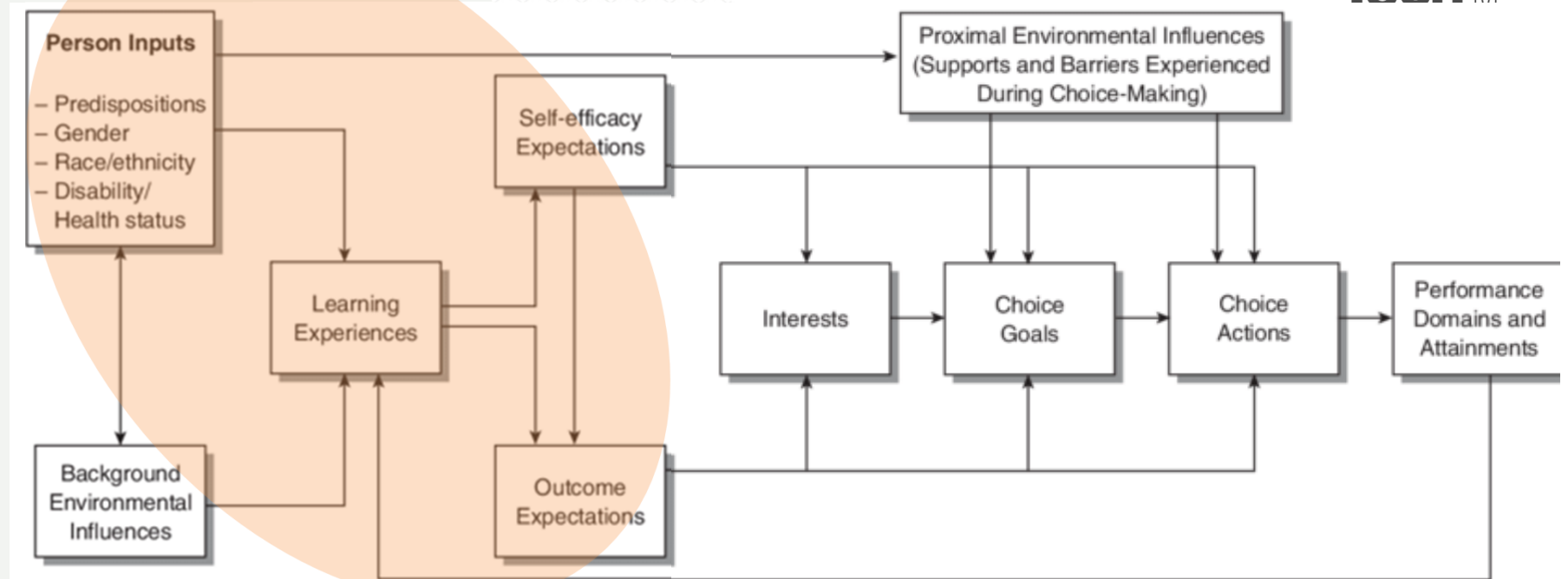


- **Advancing education**
one of a kind in US Higher Education
- **Bridging fields**
bringing theoretical and empirical foundational knowledge to this new setting

Research Agenda:

- **Filling Gaps**
exploratory, novel research that breaks new ground in social and economic sciences
- **Providing feedback**
provide feedback that will help OMSCS

Social Cognitive Career Theory



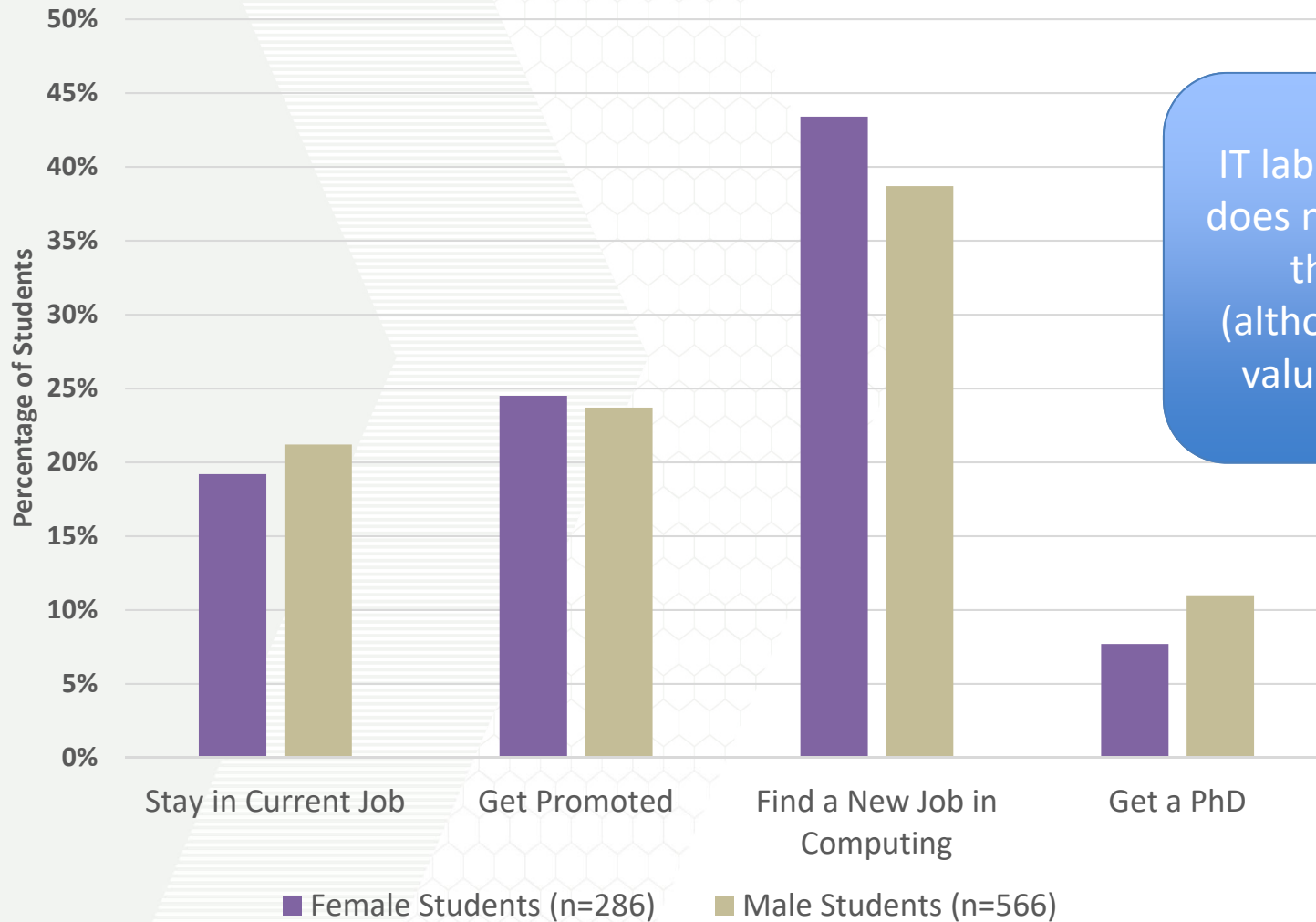
SOURCE: Lent, R. W., Brown, S. D., & Hackett, G. (2002). *Social cognitive career theory. Career Choice and Development (4th Ed.)*. Adapted from Lent, R. W., Brown, S. D. and Hackett, G. 1994. "Toward a Unifying Social Cognitive Theory of Career and Academic Interest, Choice, and Performance" [Monograph]. *Journal of Vocational Behavior* 45:79-122.

- What can we understand about the factors that matter for student attraction, retention, completion and career impacts?

OMSCS as enabling Career Change/Advancement?

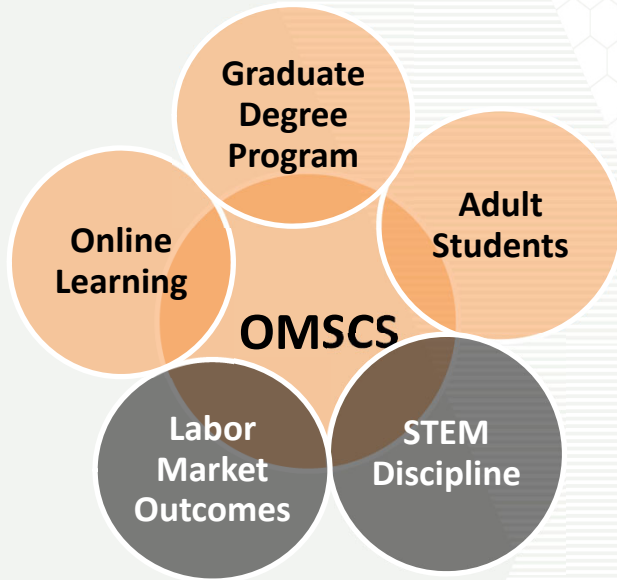


What do you hope to do following graduation?



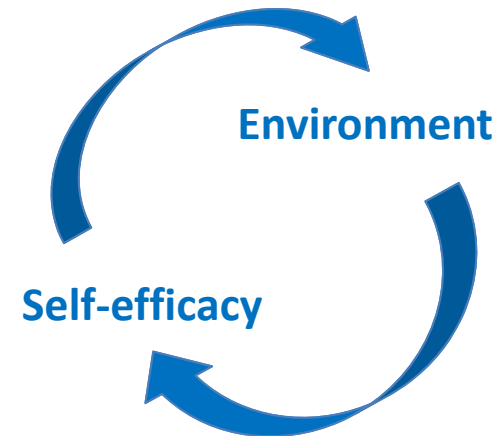
IT labor market does not require the MS (although does value it --\$\$)

How Does Efficacy Shape Perceptions?



- Kreth Q, Spirou M E, Budenstein S, Melkers J. *How Prior Experience and Self-Efficacy Shape Graduate Student Perceptions of an Online Learning Environment in Computing. Under Review*

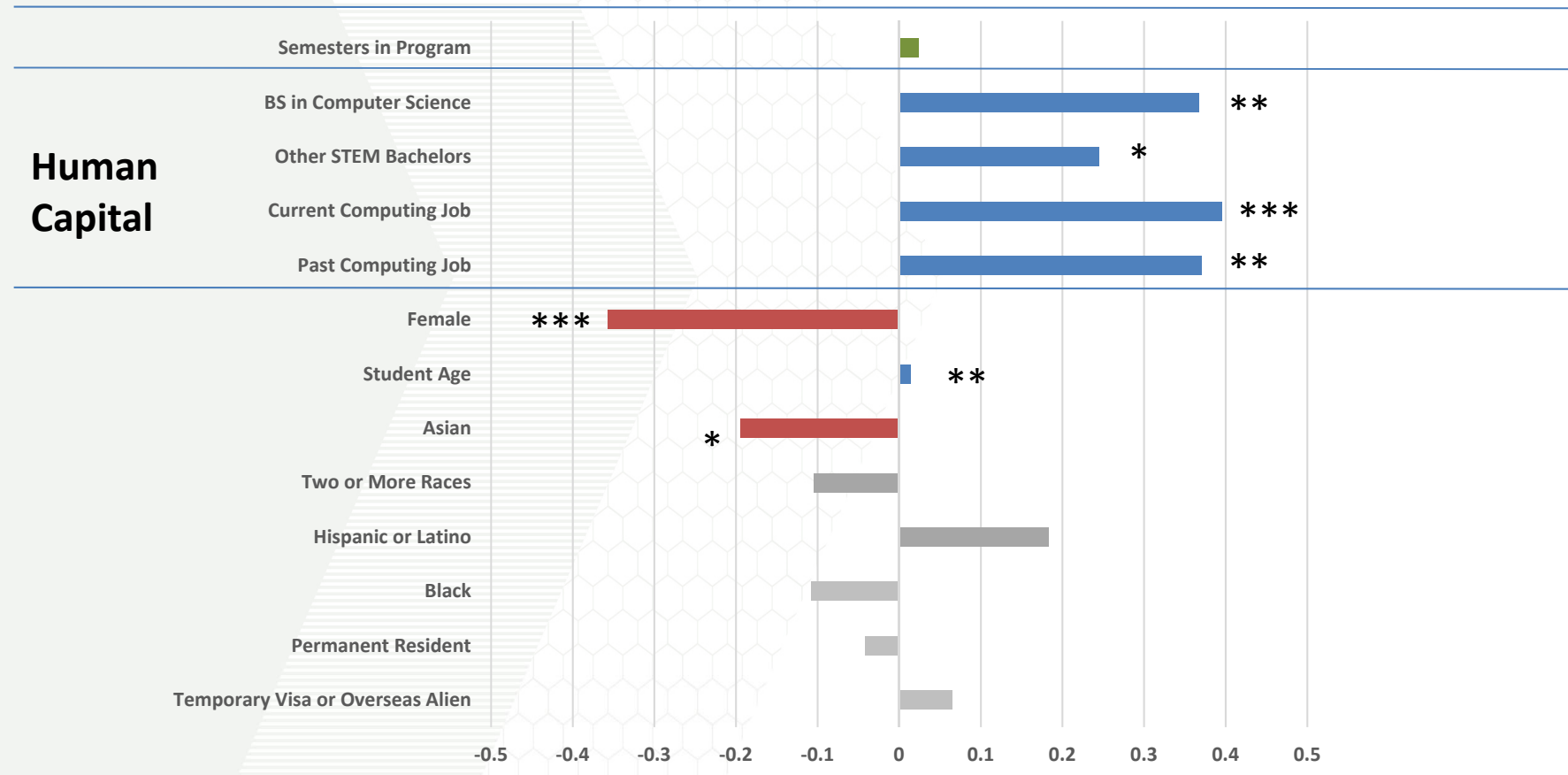
- **Student perceptions** older students and women perceive the OMSCS environment
 - **BUT** pre-existing student self-efficacy has a mediating effect
- **Self-efficacy** CS degree or job experience do not explain self-efficacy for women
- **KEY FINDING:** Bi-directional relationship between self-efficacy and the online learning environment



Challenge: Helping Mid-Career Students to Succeed: Boosting Area-Specific Self-Efficacy?

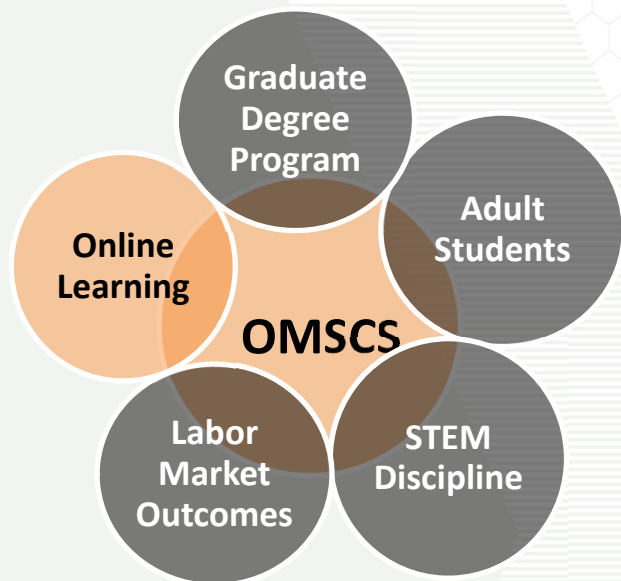


OLS Regression Coefficients: Computing Self-Efficacy



*** p<0.001, ** p<0.01, * p<0.05

How Do Students “Participate” ?



- Stevens J, Kretz Q, Ruthotto I, Melkers J. *Virtual Inequality? An Exploratory Study of Participation Patterns among Graduate Students in an Asynchronous Online Discussion*

- **Question:** Does the online environment remove barriers to participation?
- **Focus:** understand learner characteristics and participation patterns (PIAZZA)
- **Findings:** Demographics variation in the frequencies of *active* (posts, asks) and *passive* (views) participation based on Piazza user data
 - Women and under-represented groups engage at lower rates (esp answers)



Future work: New Opportunities to Learn About CS Mid-Career Students



- **Future Research Questions of Interest**

- What motivates students to pursue an online degree versus a traditional degree?
- Does online education help to increase the diversity of students in STEM disciplines?
- Which factors predict the persistence of students in online learning?
- What are the returns to an online degree?